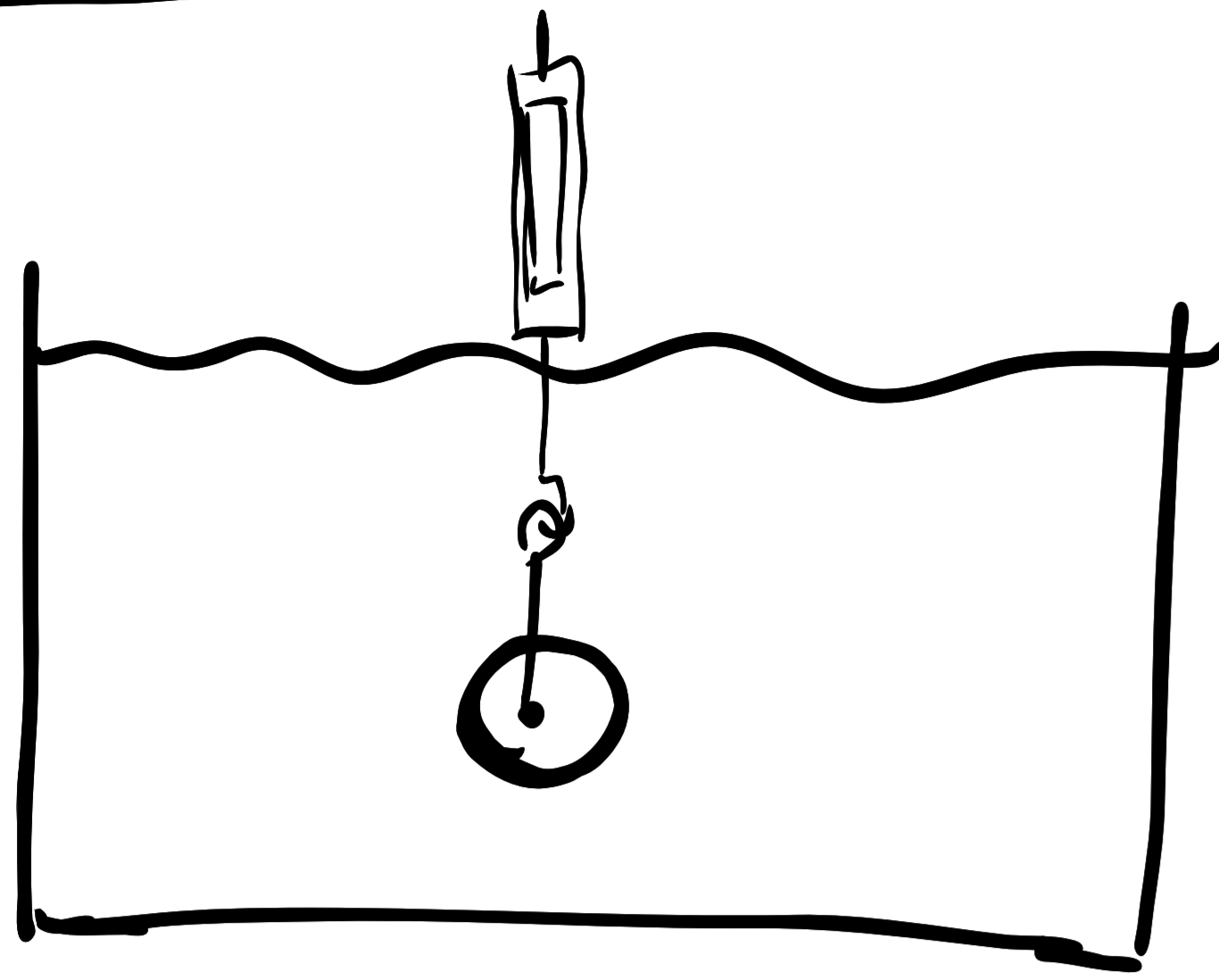


2. ARCHIMEDÉS:



$$P_{\text{REAL}} = 0'98 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{\text{APARENTE}} = 0'71 \text{ N}$$

$$V_{\text{CUERPO}} = 8'8 \text{ cm}^3 \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{100^3 \text{ cm}^3} = 8'8 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$$

$$d_{\text{liq}} = \frac{m_{\text{liq}}}{V_{\text{liq}}}$$

$$E = W_{\text{liq}} = m_{\text{liq}} \cdot g = d_{\text{liq}} \cdot V_{\text{liq}} \cdot g \xrightarrow{(1)} E = d_{\text{liq}} \cdot V_{\text{cuerpo}} \cdot g$$

(1) \rightarrow Suponiendo que se encuentra completamente sumergido

a) Calculamos el empuje:

$$E = P_{\text{REAL}} - P_{\text{APARENTE}} = (0'98 \text{ N}) - (0'71 \text{ N}) = \boxed{0'27 \text{ N} = E}$$

b) Calculamos la densidad del líquido:

$$E = d_{\text{liq}} \cdot V_{\text{cuerpo}} \cdot g \Rightarrow d_{\text{liq}} = \frac{E}{V_{\text{cuerpo}} \cdot g} = \frac{0'27 \text{ N}}{(8'8 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3) \cdot (9'8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow d_{\text{liq}} = \frac{0'27 \text{ Kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{(8'8 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3) \cdot (9'8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} \Rightarrow \boxed{d_{\text{liq}} = 3'1 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{Kg}}{\text{m}^3}} \rightarrow d_{\text{liq}} = 3'1 \text{ g/ml}$$